

WAR SECRETARY IS FOR 16,869 TROOPS ON OAHU

(Continued from page one)

officers in the regular army, when the plan has been completely carried out, would be 141,843.

"It is proposed that the term of enlistment in the regular army shall be a term of years with the colors and a term of years on furlough, during which latter period the obligation would be to return to the colors in the event of war or the imminence thereof. Under this scheme there would always be in the country a large number of men who had been trained in the regular army and who, during the period mentioned, would be subject to the call of the nation to be placed in the regular army or to be held in reserve to supply wastage or to be utilized in whatever way was thought best.

"The plan necessitates the raising of the following additional organizations and proposes to do this in two fiscal years, one-half in the next fiscal year and the other in the succeeding one:

"Ten regiments of infantry.
"Four regiments of field artillery.
"Fifty-two companies of coast artillery.

"Fifteen companies of engineers.
"Four aero squadrons.

Plans for Officers.

"With respect to providing officers and reserve officers, it is proposed to organize a certain number of cadet companies to be attached to regiments or other appropriate units of cavalry, field artillery, infantry, engineers, coast artillery and signal troops. These cadets will be recruited from the National Guard and from students and graduates of educational institutions giving military instruction as well as those of other colleges and universities. They will receive special pay, and will engage to serve one year in the cadet companies and five years in the officers' reserve corps if found qualified therefor. Their year of service will be one of intensive training in all positions in the company from that of private to that of commissioned officer. On completion of this training, if found qualified, they will be commissioned in the officers' reserve corps with such grade as is warranted by their respective degrees of proficiency.

"It may, however, be found more practicable to consider as an alternative scheme the proposition which has been advanced of reorganizing the military departments now being maintained in various educational institutions under the direction of officers of the army, detailed under the law for that purpose, so as to make them in effect officers' training schools. The students would receive practical training in annual camps of instruction and on graduation, could be commissioned in the army for a limited period—say one year—as additional second lieutenants for further intensive training, after which they would be commissioned in the officers' reserve corps in the grade for which they have demonstrated qualification.

Citizens Encouraged.
"But, besides such sources for reserve officers, it is also proposed, under suitable regulations and after proper examination, to commission in the reserve any other qualified citizens. They will be commissioned, up to and including the grade of major, in the various arms, corps and departments. Under this provision it is proposed to utilize the services not only of members of the National Guard, graduates of military and other educational institutions, and those who have received sufficient training in the so-called business men's camps, but also of civil engineers, railroad men, those engaged in various kinds of motor transportation, including motorcyclists, aviators, etc. Any such reserve officers may organize and bring into the general reserve of the army bodies of men engaged in their respective occupation.

"Additional training for all reserve officers may be given, so far as appropriations made for that purpose will permit, in connection with the training of the continental army and by attaching them for service in the practical exercises of the regular army.

"It is not now proposed to attempt a rearrangement of army posts. However undesirable from a military standpoint the location of some existing posts may be, they do exist and can be utilized, and in fact will all be necessary if the increased force is provided. The essential thing at this time is to obtain the requisite men and material, and it is relatively unessential where we house them. It seems the part of wisdom, therefore, not now to ask for money to acquire, erect, and equip new places when the existing ones can be used, and furthermore will be available in great degree, for the training of the supplement of the standing army, which is a part of the plan.

"It is proposed to supplement the army that is constantly under arms by a force of 400,000 men raised in increments of 133,000 a year, obligated to devote a specified time to training for a period of three years and then to be on furlough for a period of three years without obligation excepting to return to the colors in the event of war or the imminence thereof. For the purpose of convenience this force has been designated the Continental Army. It is proposed to recruit it territorially according to population; to have it subjected to short periods of intensive training; and in addition to what officers may be developed from its own operations, to obtain officers for it from those who have served in the

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National Guard, those who have served in the United States Army and are no longer upon its active list, and those who, by training acquired in colleges and schools or in other ways, have become equipped with sufficient military information and experience to make them available, and in the ways above more particularly described. It is the purpose to have the membership of this force assembled at convenient places and have there such portions of the Regular Army to assist in their training as are desirable, and to obtain all the benefit which can be obtained from intensive training over such a period of time as is possible. For purposes of the necessary figuring upon costs, etc., as well as for military reasons, the period proposed is two months. It is recognized, however, that with respect to this period of training and other features of the plan a final wise determination can only be reached after the fullest interchange of views between those who collectively represent the wisdom, experience and knowledge to determine these matters properly.

"With respect to pay, it is proposed that the officers and men shall receive pay on the same basis as the Regular Army for the time actually occupied. National Guard Plans.

"With respect to the National Guard, it is proposed not only to continue the existing assistance rendered by the Federal Government, but to increase it. In the references previously made to the National Guard the relation of that body to the military system of the country was stated. With the existing cooperation of the Federal Government and the earnest efforts of the membership of the guard, great progress has been made in the last decade and, in the judgment of all those concerned, still greater progress is not only possible but assured. There is the fullest recognition and appreciation of the untiring devotion and patriotic spirit of those who have unceasingly wrought for the improvement of this body. This body has, as above stated, a clearly defined and important part in the military system of the country, and it is proposed in the plan advocated to amplify the federal assistance in every way that it can be done constitutionally, so as to aid this force and make it efficient for the purposes set forth in the Constitution, and for the further purpose for which it is available in the event of war if it volunteers for federal service. The plan offers to the membership of the National Guard every alternative which a full recognition of their position suggests. With respect to the National Guard system under the Constitution there is to be not only continued but increased federal cooperation and assistance. With respect to the personnel of the guard opportunity is offered, either in units or individually, to come into the Continental Army whenever by the action of their state they are free to do so.

Totals at Posts.
"Under this plan there would be stationed the following totals of officers and enlisted men at the following places:

	Enl.	Officers men
Panama Canal Zone	272	9,490
Hawaiian Islands	503	16,869
Philippine Islands	448	14,824
Do	182	5,733
Porto Rico	32	599
Alaska	16	441

Total over-sea garrisons 1,453 47,456

"Philippine Scouts.

"In addition to the United States there would be the following organizations aggregating the following totals of officers and enlisted men:

	Enl.	Officers men
11 2-3 reg. of Cavalry	527	11,974
26 2-3 reg. of Infantry	1,351	25,512
7 reg. of Field Artillery	308	6,599
170 companies of C. A.	510	18,968
Engineer troops	104	3,262
Signal troops	76	654

Total at home, combatant forces 2,356 66,868

Coast Artillery 2,440 48,000

"It is proposed to organize the mobile troops in the United States into three infantry divisions, a cavalry division, with two extra regiments of cavalry and the necessary auxiliary troops required for such units in accordance with the approved tables of organization.

"In addition to the above, there are at home and abroad 1,927 officers of the staff departments and extra officers provided by law, and 50 veterinarians. The plan calls for 750 more officers for the proper execution of this plan, involving, as it must, the training of the Continental Army, and more cooperation with the National Guard and with those educational institutions which have military courses.

"In addition to the enumerated forces in the regular army, there must be provided a total of 20,285 men for the quartermaster corps, hospital corps, ordnance department, recruiting service, school detachments, etc., including 792 additional noncommissioned officers to aid in training the citizen soldiers.

"Thus, the total of the officers and enlisted men in the regular army, as proposed above, at home and abroad, will be:

Officers	7,086
Veterinarians	50
Enlisted men	134,707

141,793

New Organization Needed.
"To obtain this result, the plan calls for the following new organizations:

10 regiments of Infantry.
4 regiments of Field Artillery.
52 companies of Coast Artillery.
15 companies of Engineers.
4 aero squadrons.

"Using reserve material as far as available to equip new organizations, the estimated cost of the regular army on the proposed plan of 7,086 officers, 50 veterinarians, and 134,707 enlisted men will be \$117,234,559.70. It is proposed, however, to provide for the additional organizations in two annual equal increments, so that the first year the cost of the proposed army would be \$111,035,716.08. To this must be added for the first year's cost the cost of cantonments at over-sea garrisons, amounting to \$600,000.

CAMPAIGN IN HONOLULU TO END TUESDAY

TODAY'S PROGRAM

3:00 p. m.—Address in Central Union church by Evangelist Brown. First of a series of talks on Mormonism, Eddyism and Russellism.

7:30 p. m.—Service in Central Union church. Address by evangelist on subject "The Unpardonable Sin."

TOMORROW'S PROGRAM
3:00 p. m.—Service in Central Union church. Second of a series of talks by evangelist on subject "The Isms."

7:30 p. m.—Address in Central Union church by evangelist on subject "The Last Call."

The amount of the gift given to Evangelist John Edward Brown and Soloist C. P. Curry through a collection taken at the meeting in Central Union church last night, probably never will be known by the Honolulu public. This was the announcement made today when the Star-Bulletin asked for the figures.

Rev. A. A. Eberhols, chairman of the publicity committee of the campaign, said that the exact figures have not yet been compiled, and that

making the total for the first year \$11,635,716.08.

"At the present time the federal government appropriates for or on behalf of the national guard an average of \$6,614,532.13 annually. The states individually appropriate for their respective guard an aggregate of \$6,244,214.88 annually. It is proposed this to increase the federal appropriation to \$10,000,000.

"Using reserve material to the extent available for the personal equipment of the continental army and not furnishing them with full complement of wagon transportation, horses for cavalry, etc., it is estimated that the cost of the first year, when 133,000 men are to be trained, will be approximately \$15,000,000; the second year, when an additional 133,000 are to be trained, the cost will be approximately \$29,500,000; and the third year, when the whole 400,000 will be under training, the cost will be approximately \$45,000,000, and this will be the annual cost of the system when in complete operation.

"The first year the estimated items of cost would be as follows:
For the Regular Army \$111,035,716.08
For the Continental Army 15,000,000.00
For the National Guard 10,000,000.00

Total \$136,035,716.08

"When the system is in complete operation, without considering reserves of the different organizations, the results as to numbers and cost would be as follows:

	Officers	Enlisted	Total cost.
Regular Army	141,843	\$127,234,559.70	
National Guard	129,000	10,000,000.00	
Cont'l Army	400,000	45,000,000.00	

Total 670,843 \$182,234,559.70

"With respect to reserve material: "In addition to material in the hands of the regular army, the national guard and the continental army already provided for in previously stated estimates, there should be provided and kept in reserve material of the kind which can not be obtained with reasonable promptness, as follows:

Quartermaster material	\$ 19,474,390.97
Ordnance material	74,582,237.85
Medical supplies	716,423.81
Signal material	7,530,328.45
Engineer material	2,022,280.00

Total \$104,326,261.08

"It is deemed best to provide for this accumulation in four annual increments at the annual rate of \$26,081,565.27."

the executive committee probably will not make the amount public.

A committee headed by George W. Terhouse, who was instrumental in bringing the evangelist and soloist to Honolulu, is now at work on the matter of conversions, and within a few days the exact number of persons who have been converted during the stay of the visitors will be ascertained.

According to their present plans Messrs. Brown and Curry will leave for the mainland in the steamer Matsonia next Wednesday. They will go direct to Los Angeles, California, to conduct a campaign.

OFFICIAL CABLE SAYS YUAN HAS REFUSED THRONE

(Continued from page one)

primary object, however, is to save the country and people. I do not mind sacrificing myself to obtain this object. But in self-examination I find I have done nothing worthy of recommendation, nothing to justify me in abandoning the great principles of morality and faith.

"I think citizens' representatives who love me will not bear to force upon me the task which is difficult for me to execute. I hope general representatives of citizens' convention will take careful and mature consideration to request another to ascend throne. Meantime I will continue to act in name of President and exercising existing duties and powers, still maintain existing conditions throughout whole country. Petitions hereby returned."

REFUSES TWICE.

TOKIO, Japan, Dec. 13.—Yuan Shih-Kai, president of China, refused the throne today when it was offered by the council of state. A little later he was asked to wear the crown by the senate, but again refused. It is expected that Yuan will accept the crown the next time it is offered.

"Can Not Save China."
When asked this afternoon regarding the acceptance of the Chinese throne by Yuan Shih-Kai, Col. Gen. D. J. Wudan, leader of the National party in Honolulu, said: "I hope that Yuan Shih-Kai will not cause any internal disturbances in China, because I do not believe that the monarchy system can save China."

In another remark Gen. Wudan said: "If I were not a man who believed in republicanism I would surely welcome Yuan as Emperor of China, as it has always been the custom in China for a new Emperor to pardon all political refugees. I believe that the people of China have the same ideas about government as the people of the United States. Let it be decided by a popular vote, and the people

of China would have a president.

"Only a few years ago the people of China believed that an Emperor was supreme. They looked upon him as a god, and when he said that something could be done they believed it. Now they know that an Emperor is nothing more or less than a mere man, and they will not respect the Emperor as they did before. The mass of people in China have taken kindly to a republic."

"It will not be long before we see another republic in China. Yuan Shih-Kai can never hold the people in the hollow of his hand as other Emperors have done, for three reasons. Firstly, the people have found that he is no more than a mortal. Secondly, because the educated people believe in a republican form of government, and thirdly because the Manchus will never forgive Yuan for setting himself up as Emperor."

"Some time ago I received an article from China which was published in the Star-Bulletin stating that Yuan would make an attempt to refuse the crown, and appear as if he were waiting to hear from the people. This was all come true. Yuan has tricked the people in his own circle, but he has not taken away from the masses their love of liberty, and he never will. China is destined to be a republic some day, and when that time comes China will go to the front as one of the leading nations of the world."

Five men were shot to death, three wounded, two others killed of injuries received in accidents and a number of knife and pistol fights was one day's record at Hopewell, Va., the powder mill boom town.

Dec. 13

"Peace on earth—good will toward men," means be thoughtful of others as well as of yourself. You could easily do your Christmas shopping this week—some others are not so fortunate.

Herr Fritz Scavenius Noted Spanish Pianist

Program:

Program includes the following:

Scherzgo E Flat	Brahms
Bridal Procession	Grieg
Requiem	Grieg
In My Native Country	Grieg
Puck	Grieg
Butterfly	Grieg
March of the Dwarfs	Grieg

Etude C Minor	Chopin
Prelude C Minor	Chopin
Prelude A Major	Chopin
Polonaise A Flat Major	Chopin

The recital is public to music lovers. Tickets to be had either from the patronesses or at the door. Price \$1.50.

Recital

at the residence of Mrs. James B. Castle, THURSDAY AFTERNOON, Dec. 16, 4 o'clock.

Patronesses:

Mrs. James B. Castle
Mrs. Richard Wilder
Mrs. Gerrit Wilber
Mrs. Arthur Brown
Mrs. Walter Dillingham
Miss Harriet Hatch
Miss Beatrice Castle

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NILES STIRS JAPAN TO STARTING AERO SQUAD

TOKIO, Japan, Dec. 13.—The Japanese government has asked that an appropriation of \$600,000 yen be made for the study of aviation in army and naval departments. The recent flights made by Niles were discussed when the appropriation was brought up.

Jermiah S. Shanahan died at Harrisburg, Pa., just after receiving an order for \$100,000 worth of artificial limbs from the French Government.

Mrs. Elizabeth Day of New York, died in Washington Heights hospital of burns she received when her dress caught fire after she had stepped on a match.

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Are you in need of money for Christmas? Last year was the same way, wasn't it? And next year will be exactly like each preceding year unless you take steps to alter it. Make Christmas a pleasure instead of a burden, as it is bound to be if you are short of money. Put a little something in this bank every week—as much as you can, of course, but at any rate, a little—and next year you will be "on easy street."

Bishop & Company, Savings Department.

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